Form No. 10-300 REV. (3/77)

INITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TH	HE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	

NATIONAL REGISTER	OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY NO	MINATION FORM

Fairfax

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NAME				
HISTORIC				
	ley Fork Historic Di	strict		
AND/OR COMMON				
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER	Intersection of Geor Chain Bridge Road	getown Pike and O	1d N/A NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	1.		CONGRESSIONAL DIST	RICT
Lang	Ley X	VICINITY OF	Tenth (Joseph L.	Fisher)
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Virgi		51	<u> Fairfax</u>	059
CLASSIFIC	ATION		•	
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	SENTUSE
X_DISTRICT	PUBLIC	A_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	A PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	XEDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	XRELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	_SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
	N/A	_NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME	(See Continuation She	eet #1) Multiple	Ownership	
STREET & NUMBER	N/A	·		
CITY, TOWN	I/A N/.	A VICINITY OF	N/A <sup>STATE</sup>	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESC			
<del></del>	Or LEGAL DEGG	KII 11014		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	erc. Fairfax County	Courthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	4000 Chain Brid	ige Road		
CITY, TOWN	Fairfax		STATE Virginia	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	TING SURVEYS	(2) (See Continuat	ion Sheet #1)
TÍTLE				
	rfax County Inventor	v of Historic Site	es	
DATE		,		
1972		FEDERAL	STATE X_COUNTYLOCA	<b>L</b>
DEPOSITORY FOR				<del></del>
	Virginia Collection,	Fairfax County Pu	ıblic Library	
CITY, TOWN			STATE	

CONDITION

**CHECK ONE** 

**CHECK ONE** 

X\_EXCELLENT X\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_RUINS

\_\_UNALTERED

X\_ORIGINAL SITE

DATE N/A

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Langley Fork is formed by the intersection of the Georgetown Pike (Route 193) and Chain Bridge Road (Route 3563). Clustered around the fork are six historic structures, five on Georgetown Pike and the sixth south of the Pike on Chain Bridge Road. Georgetown Pike itself has been named by the Virginia Department of Highways and Transportation as a "Virginia Byway," a designation which recognizes the scenic and historic nature of the road.

The proposed district includes forty acres of land zoned for residential development of lots of at least one acre. Development is predominantly residential but also includes a church, a day school in an old church formerly converted to a residence, and a service station dating from the mid-20th century. Of the thirteen structures included in the proposed district, six are distinguished by their historic and architectural significance. The remaining structures reinforce the character of the older structures by their similar scale, setback, and building materials. The historic sites all date from the mid-19th century, and the character of the area has remained virtually unchanged since that time.

To the south and west of the district, the development is residential but of post-1940 construction, including recent subdivisions. North of the district, between it and the Potomac River, much land is in National Park Service ownership. To the west is Turkey Run Farm (an 18th-century living history farm), and the CIA headquarters are to the east.

Buildings and sites contributing to the character of the district:
(Numbers correspond with those on Section of Map of Fairfax County included with nomination)

1. Hickory Hill (1147 Chain Bridge Road): ca. 1870 mansard-roofed structure altered in 1931 and enlarged in 1964;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  stories; brick.

29-214-01

2. 1133 Chain Bridge Road: 1950; 2 stories; brick.

29-214-02

3. 1117 Chain Bridge Road: 1953; 2 stories; brick.

29-125

4. Langley Ordinary (1101 Chain Bridge Road):ca. 1850; 2 stories; frame and clapboard with pond on 3 sides of the house.

29-214-03

5. 6330 Georgetown Pike: 1925; cottage with front porch; covered in red siding.

29-219-04

6. 6320 Georgetown Pike: 20th century; 2 stories; frame and clapboard; vacant.

29-126

7. Langley Toll House (6324 Georgetown Pike): mid-19th century; originally 1 story, enlarged to 2 stories in 20th century; frame and clapboard.

29-214-05

- 8. Gunnell's Chapel (6324 Georgetown Pike): after 1865; frame and clapboard; decorative bargeboard above sharp-arched entryway; long narrow windows.
- 9. 6400 Georgetown Pike: 1934; 2½ stories; frame and clapboard, later 2-story shingled addition.
- 29-14
  10. Langley Friends Meeting House (6410 Georgetown Pike): 1893; 1 story with asymmetrical bell tower, wooden buttresses. Frame and clapboard with scrollwork bargeboard; long narrow windows surmounted by geometric pediments.

## 8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD PREHISTORIC	AI	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CI COMMUNITY PLANNING	HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW  LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	X.RELIGION
1400-1499 1500-1599	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORICAGRICULTURE	CONSERVATIONECONOMICS	LAW LITERATURE	SCIENCESCULPTURE
1600-1699 1700-1799 X_1800-1899 X_1900-	XARCHITECTURE  _ART _COMMERCE _COMMUNICATIONS	X_EDUCATION _ENGINEERING X_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT _INDUSTRY _INVENTION	X_military _music _philosophy X_politics/government	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIANTHEATER X_TRANSPORTATIONOTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES N/A	BUILDER/ARC	HITECT Unknown	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The intersection commonly known as Langley Fork is one of the few remaining areas in Fairfax County retaining its historic identity and appearance and includes an interesting assemblage of local vernacular buildings. During the 18th century, the fork marked the intersection of Sugarlands Rolling Road and Little Falls Road and lay on land granted to Thomas Lee. Lee named the area "Langley" for his ancestral estate in England. In 1839 the Lee family sold seven hundred acres of land to Benjamin Mackall, who preserved the area's name of Langley.

In addition to its importance as a 19th-century junction on a major turnpike in northern Virginia, the area achieved Civil War significance when Langley Ordinary served as head-quarters of Union General McCall of the Pennsylvania Reserves. The Langley neighborhood itself was of Confederate sympathy.

After construction of the earliest recorded buildings on Langley Fork at the beginning of the 19th century, the area developed slowly. The Atlas of Fifteen Miles Around Washington, D.C. by G. M. Hopkins (Providence District No. 5, 1878) shows Langley in an enlarged marginal insert, stressing its regional importance. The map also reveals Sugarlands Rolling Road and Little Falls Road to have been renamed Leesburg Georgetown Turnpike and Chain Bridge Road respectively. The road configuration and cluster of structures pictured on this map remain relatively unaltered today.

Six structures form the nucleus of the Langley Fork Historic District. They are the Langley Ordinary, the Langley Toll House, Gunnell's Chapel, the Langley Friends Meeting House, the Mackall House, and Hickory Hill.

The Langley Ordinary was built about 1850, probably by George F. M. Walters, and was the second ordinary or tavern to serve the area. The ordinary was a relatively new but obviously important structure when the Civil War interrupted its trade. During the war years it served as the headquarters of Union General McCall of the Pennsylvania Reserves. As is the case with many old structures in Fairfax County, it was used as a hospital for Civil War wounded. Signatures of Union soldiers still can be found on the walls of the old house. The Langley area during the Civil War must have been a scene of uneasy peace. It was a haven of Southern sympathies—General William Mackall was away serving with the Confederate army—while the Langley area was occupied by Union forces. The Langley Ordinary today is a private residence, but though the roof lines have been altered, the old porch covers three sides of the house as it did in the Rambler's 1917 photograph (Washington Star, January 7 and 28, 1917).

Across the Georgetown Pike from the Langley Ordinary is the Langley Toll House. In 1820 the Falls Bridge Turnpike Company authorized the erection of a toll house on the road. The structure known today as the Langley Toll House was the second structure of that name. It was purchased just after the Civil War by a Confederate veteran named Braden Hummer, who made

(See Continuation Sheet #2)

Cooke, Elizabeth Miles. The History of the Old Georgetown Pike. Privately published 1977. "The Rambler," The Washington Star, January 7, 1917, January 28, 1917. 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 37 acres QUADRANGLE NAME Falls Church, Va. 1:24000 QUADRANGLE SCALE UTM REFERENCES [3, 1, 3, 0, 5, 0] B[1,8]A[1,8] [3]1,3[1,3,0]4 3 1 3 0 7 0 NORTHING 7 / ZONE EASTING 8 ZONE EASTING ジ ン |3|1<sub>1</sub>3|0<sub>1</sub>0<sub>1</sub>0| 14,3 1,2 7,1,0 D 1 8 |3|1|2|8|7|0F[1,8] [3]1,2[5,2,0] [4,3]1,2[6,1,0 E|1,8| |3|1,2|6,2,0| 4,3 1,2 4,8,0 G[1,8] [3]1,2[7,1,0] [4,3]1,2[9,6,0]  $H_{11}8$  |  $31_{12}9_{12}0$  |  $4_{1}31_{1}31_{1}4_{1}0$ VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION The boundaries conform to the property lines of parcels 22-3 ((1)) 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 57, 61, 62, 63 and 64; and parcels 33-1 1 and 36 as recorded in the 1979 map of Fairfax County. The original map is located in the County Division of Mapping, 4100 Chain Bridge Road, Fairfax, Virginia 22030. LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES CODE COUNTY CODE STATE N/A N/A CODE COUNTY CODE STATE N/A N/A 11 FORM PREPARED BY(2) (1) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission, 221 Governor Streat, Richmond, Virginia 23219 - Telephone (804) 786-3144 (2) Elizabeth David Historic Preservation Planner DATE ORGANIZATION May 1980 Fairfax County Office of Comprehensive Planning TELEPHONE STREET & NUMBER (703) 691-21014100 Chain Bridge Road STATE CITY OR TOWN Virginia 22030 Fairfax STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: STATE\_X NATIONAL \_\_\_\_ As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE TITLE H. Bryan Mitchell, Executive Director <u> Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission</u> FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE ATTEST: CHIEF OF REGISTRATION

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 10/31/84

## United States Department of the Interior **National Park Service**

## **National Register of Historic Places** Inventory—Nomination Form LANGLEY FORK HISTORIC DISTRICT, Fairfax Co.

Continuation sheet

Item number

date enter

1 Page

Herbert and Ann Scoville 6400 Georgetown Pike McLean, Va. 22101

Nils and Gladys Antezana 2830 Arizona Avenue, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20016

Roland L. and Hazel R. Sanders 6324 Georgetown Pike McLean, , Va. 22101

Roberto R. and Anita T. Basilio 6330 Georgetown Pike McLean, Va. 22101

Kline A. Price and R. Frank Jones Suite 880, 1850 K Street, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20016

The Church Friends Meeting of Washington, D. C. 6410 Georgetown Pike McLean, Va. 22101

Dorothy B. McCormick 6418 Georgetown Pike: McLean, Va. 22101

Capital Investments of Va., Inc 1102 Chain Bridge Road McLean, Va. 22101

Ed.T. Doyle 1100 Chain Bridge Road McLean, Va. 22101

Jeffrey M., Ana, and Maria B. Bucher 1117 Chain Bridge Road McLean, Va. 22101

Lorraine B. Holdsworth 1101 Chain Bridge Road McLean, Va. 22101

Phillippe & Nanci Nadeau 6333 Georgetown Pike

McLean, Va. 22101

Ethel S. Kennedy 1147 Chain Bridge Road McLean, Va. 22101

Peter and Marilyn Morabito 1133 Chain Bridge Road McLean, Va. 22101

NPS Form 10-900-a (7-81) UMID NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 10/31/84

## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

LANGLEY FORK HISTORIC DISTRICT, FAIRFAX CO.

Continuation sheet # 2

Item number

6



Page 2

### 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

(2) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey
1979 State
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission
221 Governor Street
Richmond, Va. 23219

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

# RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

177

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# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Langley Fork Historic District, Fairfax County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET

# 3

ITEM NUMBER 7 & 8 PAGE 2, 1

## 7. <u>DESCRIPTION</u> 29-214-07

- 11. Mackall House (6418 Georgetown Pike): 1858 central part built as a church, transformed into a residence in late 19th century; additions to east and west sides; masonry; 3 bays in front with pediment. 29-214-03
- 1a 1103 Chain Bridge Road: 1979; low scale; 1-story white stucco building, with red pagoda-like arch at entrance. Does not conform to the established historic character of the district.

  29-214-09
- 2a Amoco station (6335 Georgetown Pike): 1932; 12-story structure with white siding and shutters.

ED

### 8. SIGNIFICANCE

alterations to it. During his ownership, which lasted until 1924, he operated a grocery store in the house. Directly to the west of the toll house is Gunnell's Chapel, a small wooden structure originally built as what was then known as a colored chapel. West of this property is the Langley Friends Meeting House. The structure dates from 1853 and was built as the second meeting place of the Trinity Methodist Church. The clapboard structure, with its asymmetrical bell tower, has wooden buttresses built up against both side walls, a design characteristic frequently found in stone churches but not in those of wood. A scrollwork bargeboard decorates the front roof gable, and the long narrow windows are surmounted by geometric pediments. In 1961 this building became the property of the Religious Society of Friends and is now called the Langley Friends Meeting House. Overlooking the surrounding area reminiscent of Civil War activity, the Quaker Meeting maintains its traditional opposition to war, posting on its House door a Writ of Sanctuary.

Immediately west of the meeting house is the old Mackall House, now the site of the Happy Hill Country Day School. This structure was first built as Trinity Methodist Church in 1858. The Douglas S. Mackall family converted the building into a residence in the later part of the century, and different generations of Mackalls occupied it until the 1940s. Since that time, it has housed different schools, including its present occupant, the Country Day School. It is a large masonry structure which sits on top of a high hill facing Georgetown Pike. Wings have been added, as well as a large porch which covers the front and south sides. The central core is clearly an ecclesiastical structure, revealing characteristics of the Greek Revival.

South of Georgetown Pike on Chain Bridge Road is the old house known as Hickory Hill. In 1846 George Walters bought eighty-eight acres of land, including this site, and before his death in 1890 had built several houses in this area. An 1865 ordinance map of northern Virginia indicates that at that time there was no structure on the site of Hickory Hill.

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

# RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

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# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Langley Fork Historic District, Fairfax County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET

# 4

**ITEM NUMBER 8** 

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#### SIGNIFICANCE

This house was built shortly after the Civil War. In 1931 it was transformed from a mansard-roofed structure with encircling columned verandah to a simple 2½-story white brick building. Since that time additional interior renovations were made by subsequent owners Associate Supreme Court Justice Robert Jackson and Senator (later President) John F. Kennedy. In 1964 Senator Robert F. Kennedy added a north wing. Because of the national and international significance of the Kennedy family, Hickory Hill has been the scene of much important and highly publicized political and social activity.

Twice in recent history residents along the pike and fork have rallied to express their interest in retaining the character of the whole area. In the early 1960s the Virginia Department of Highways and Transportation planned to widen and improve the old Langley Fork intersection. A committee of local residents, including John F. Kennedy of Hickory Hill, was instrumental in convincing the Highway Department to abolish this plan and instead to choose a new alignment, now Dolley Madison Boulevard, to the east of the Old Chain Bridge Road. In 1974 efforts of the citizens in the area of the sixteen-mile Georgetown Pike culminated in the designation of the old road as a Virginia Byway, the first in the state system. Fairfax County is proposing to protect the character of the area by including it in a County historic district, which will result in architectural review of all new construction and development in the area.





